Subject:	Pharmacology 2		
Study	Dental Medicine	Study Period:	6. semester
Evaluation:	Exam	Subject Type:	Compulsory
Content:	2 h. lectures and 2 h. seminars/week		Total 56 hours

Department: Pharmacology UPJŠ FM

Week	Lectures https://portal.lf.upjs.sk	Seminars
1.	Drugs used in treatment of heart diseases. Antianginal drugs. - Organic nitrates - Beta-blockers - Ca ²⁺ -blockers - Other drugs	Repetition Local anesthetics. - Mechanism of action, toxicity - Classification of local anesthetics Antipyretic analgesics, NSAIDs. - Pain - Mechanism of action, COX-1, COX-2 - Classes of NSAIDs, side effects
2.	Antihypertensive drugs. - Diuretics. - ACE-I/ARBs - Beta-blockers - Ca ²⁺ -blockers - Other drugs	 Antianginal drugs. Antianginal drugs - nitrates, β-blockers, Ca²⁺ channel blockers Other antianginal drugs
3.	Drugs used to treat heart failure. - ACE-I/ARBs - Diuretics - Beta-blockers - Cardioglycosides - Other drugs	Antihypertensive drugs Diuretics- ACE inhibitors/AT1 blockers- β-blockers- Ca ²⁺ channel blockers- Other drugs
4.	Drugs used to treat arrhythmias. Hypolipidemics. - Vaughan-Williams Classification - Other antiarrhytmics - Statins and other hypolipidemic drugs	Drugs used in the treatment of heart failure. - ACE inhibitors/AT1 blockers - Diuretics - β-blockers - Cardioglycosides - Neprilysin inhibitors
5.	Drugs used in disorders of haemostasis. - Antithrombotics - Hemostatics Antianaemic drugs. - Iron, vitamin B12, folic acid	Antiarrhythmic drugs. Hypolipidemic drugs. - Basic groups of antiarrhythmic drugs. - Statins and other hypolipidemic drugs
6.	Antidiabetics. - Insulins - Oral hypoglycemic drugs - Gastrointestinal hormones - Other antidiabetic drugs Drugs used to treat thyroid disorders. - Treatment of hyperthyreoidism - Treatment of hypothyreoidism	Drugs affecting haemostasis, antianaemics. - Anticoagulants, antiaggregants, fibrinolytitics - Antifibrinolytics, haemostatics affecting blood vessels - Iron, folic cid, vit. B12 Control test.
7.	Corticosteroids. - Glucocorticoids - Mineralocorticoids Sex hormones. - Estrogens and gestagens - Contraceptives	Drugs used in endocrine pharmacotherapy. - Antidiabetics - Drugs used to treat thyroid disorders

	- Androgens	
8.	Drugs used to treat respiratory diseases - Antiasthmatics - Antistussive drugs - Mucolytics and expectorants Drugs used to treat GIT diseases Antisecretory drugs, antacids - Cytoprotective drugs	Drugs used in endocrine pharmacotherapy. - Glucocorticoids - Mineralocorticoids - Sex hormones.
9.	 Laxatives, antidiarrheal Basic principles of chemotherapy. β - lactam ATB. ATB classifications, basic terminology Mechanisms of action Mechanisms of resistance Side effects of ATB Penicillins, cephalosporins 	Drugs used in pharmacotherapy of respiratory and GIT disorders. - Drugs modulating stomach acidity - Cytoprotective drugs - Anti-H. pylori drugs - Laxatives, antidiarrheals. - Antiasthmatic drugs - Antitusives, expectorans Control test.
10.	Other ATB and chemotherapeutics. Macrolides Linkozamides Tetracyclines Aminoglycosides Antistaphylococcal ATB Sulfonamides Quinolones 	Drugs used in pharmacotherapy of infectious diseases. Penicillins, cephalosporins, tetracyclines. - Basic terminology, mechanisms of action - Mechanisms of resistance, side effects of ATB - Penicillins, cephalosporins, tetracyclines
11.	Other chemotherapeutics. - Antituberculotic drugs - Antifungal drugs - Antiparasitic drugs - Antihelmintics Antibiotics used in dentistry.	Other antimicrobial drugs. - Macrolides, linkosamides, aminoglycosides - Antistaphylococcal ATB - Sulfonamides - Quinolones
12.	Basic principles of anticancer chemotherapy. - Mechanism of action - Classification of anticancer drugs - Resistance - Toxicity of anticancer drugs - Therapeutic indications	Other chemotherapeutics. - Antituberculotic drugs - Antifungal drugs - Antiparasitic drugs - Anthelminticscs Antibiotics used in dentistry. Control test.
13	Clinically relevant drug intoxications and their therapy. - General principles of intoxication therapy. - Specific therapy odf drug overdose, antidotes	The principles of cancer chemotherapy. - Classification of anticancer drugs - Resistance, toxicity of anticancer drugs - Mechanism of action - Classification of anticancer drugs - Monoclonal antibodies - Tyrosin kinase inhibitors

Clinically relevant drug interactions Drug-drug interactions - Drug-food/beverage interactions 14 Drug-disease interactions	Clinically important drug interactions. Specific and non-specific therapy of intoxications.
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