| Subject: | Medical Chemistry | Code: ULCHBKB/MCH-GM/22 | | |
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| Study Programme: | General Medicine | Study Period:1. semester | | |
| Evaluation: | Exam | Subject Type: compulsory | | compulsory |
| Content: | 2 h lectures and 2 h practical exercises / week | | | Total 56 hours |

Workplace: Department of Medical and Clinical Biochemistry, UPJŠ in Košice, FM

| Week | Lectures https://portal.lf.upjs.sk/index-en.php | Practical Lessons https://portal.lf.upjs.sk/index-en.php |
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| 1. | INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL CHEMISTRY Definition of terms International (English) nomenclature Properties of elements, micro- and macro-elements WATER AND SOLUTIONS Water, properties and biological function of water Disperse systems, properties of disperse systems Solutions | PRINCIPLES OF LABORATORY TECHNIQUE Laboratory safety rules Equipment of laboratory bench exercise: <i>Volume measurement</i> |
| 2. | BIOCHEMICAL REACTIONS PROCESS RULES I Kinetics of chemical reaction Effect of reactant concentration, temperature on reaction rate. Order of reaction rate Arrhenius, Brönsted-Lowry and Lewis theory Autoprotolysis, H⁺ exponent pH of acids and bases. Buffer systems. Hydrolysis of salts Equilibrium of a chemical reaction, equilibrium constant Impact of factors on chemical equilibrium | NOMENCLATURE OF INORGANIC COMPOUNDS (English) CALCULATIONS - Stoichiometric calculations |
| 3. | BIOCHEMICAL REACTIONS PROCESS RULES II The basics of chemical thermodynamics Internal energy, enthalpy, entropy Gibbs free energy, chemical reaction spontaneity Precipitation reactions, solubility equilibrium Complexation reactions, complex formation Redox reactions, redox potential Electrode potential of metals, Electrochemistry | CALCULATIONS - Solutions VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS - exercise: Standardization of NaOH solution |
| 4. | ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I - Alcohols and aldehydes - Carboxylic acids - Functional derivatives of carboxylic acids - Substitutional derivatives of carboxylic acids - Carbonic acid derivatives | CALCULATIONS Calculation of pH of acid, base, and salt solutions pH MEASUREMENT exercise: Preparation and pH measurement of acetate buffers |
| 5. | ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II Organic sulphur, phosphorus, nitrogen compounds, structure, and biological significance 5-membered heterocycles with one or more heteroatoms 6-membered heterocycles with one or more heteroatoms | CALCULATIONS - Calculation of buffers pH BUFFER SYSTEMS - exercise: Effect of acids and bases on pH of buffers |
| 6. | 1st REVISION TEST ORGANIC CHEMISTRY III Biochemically and medicinally important derivatives of heterocyclic compounds (purines, pyrimidines, hormones, medicinal drug, dyes) Heterocycles in drugs | CALCULATIONS - Balancing redox reactions PROPERTIES OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS - exercise: Preparation of esters of carboxylic acids |

| 7. | SACCHARIDES AND THEIR IMPORTANT DERIVATIVES The relationship between structure and biological properties of saccharides Biologically important monosaccharides and their derivatives Disaccharides and polysaccharides Complex saccharides and their importance | CALCULATIONS Spectrophotometric calculations SPECTROPHOTOMETRY exercise: Spectrophotometric determination of copper with ammonia | |
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| 8. | LIPIDS AND STEROIDS - Basic structure and classification of lipids - Fatty acids, their medical importance - Eicosanoids - Complex lipids - Steroids – classification, importance | SACCHARIDES exercise: Nitrochromium reaction exercise: Seliwanoff's reaction exercise: Tollen's reaction exercise: Tollen's reaction (silver mirror) exercise: Fehling's reaction exercise: Lugol test | |
| 9. | AMINO ACIDS, PEPTIDES Classifications of amino acids, biochemical properties and their use in biochemistry Amino acid derivatives and their biochemical significance Peptides – structure, peptide bond, properties Biochemically important peptides (e.g. glutathion) | LIPIDS exercise: Hydrolysis of neutral lipids by lipase exercise: Detection of double bonds in fatty acids | |
| 10. | PROTEINS Spatial structure, classification, physical-chemical properties, biological and biomedical importance Functional protein dispersity Complex proteins and their function Isolation methods and their use in medical practice | AMINO ACIDS exercise: Ninhydrin reaction exercise: Xanthoprotein reaction exercise: Foli's reaction exercise: Determination of unknown protein | |
| 11. | NUCLEIC ACIDS Nucleotides and nucleosides Biochemically important nucleotides with high energy hydrolysis DNA and RNA - structure and biologic properties Nucleic acid analysis techniques, their use in medical practice (restriction enzymes, PCR) | PROTEINS exercise: <i>Reversible precipitation of proteins</i> exercise: <i>Irreversible precipitation of proteins</i> exercise: <i>Biuret reaction</i> | |
| 12. | 2nd REVISION TEST NATURAL COMPOUNDS, VITAMINS Terpenes, alkaloids and flavonoids - structure physical- chemical properties, biological significance General properties of vitamins - structure and their importance in biochemistry (e.g. coenzymes) and in medicine | | |
| 13. | OXIDATIVE STRESS - Biological importance of free ions in biosphere - Formation of oxygen and nitrogen radicals - Antioxidants | NUCLEIC ACIDS II - exercise: Detection of nucleic acids components 3 rd REVISION TEST – practical exercises, seminars | |
| 14. | MEMBRANES AND TRANSPORT - Structure of biological membranes - Membrane proteins - Transport of substances across biological membrane - Free diffusion, facilitated diffusion - Active transport, group translocation | EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' WORK Final evaluation of practical exercises Credit donation | |