

DERMATOVENEROLOGY EXAM QUESTIONS – General Medicine

1. Anatomy of the skin, skin appendages and physiology of the skin
2. Primary skin lesions, examples of diseases
3. Secondary skin lesions, examples of diseases
4. Configuration of skin lesions, examples of diseases
5. Distribution of skin lesions, examples of diseases
6. Mechanical, thermal and chemical damage of the skin
7. Phototraumatic dermatosis. Phototoxic dermatosis. Photoallergic dermatosis. Radiodermatitis
8. Parasitic skin diseases (scabies, pediculosis, larva migrans).
9. Mycoses of the skin (Tinea corporis) - methods of investigation, therapy
10. Fungal nail and foot infection, methods of investigation, therapy
11. Mycoses of the face and scalp (Tinea faciei, Tinea capitis), methods of investigation, therapy
12. Superficial mycosis - Pityriasis versicolor
13. Superficial mycoses - Piedra alba, Piedra nigra, Tinea nigra
14. Subcutaneous mycoses - Sporotrichosis, Mycetoma, Chromoblastomycosis
15. Deep Mycoses- Coccidioidomycoses, Paracoccidioidomycoses, Histoplasmosis, Blastomycosis
16. Erythrasma
17. Candidosis intertriginosa, Candidosis paronychii et onychii
18. Stomatitis candidomycetica. Vulvovaginitis and balanitis candidomycetica
19. Impetigo contagiosa streptogenes, staphylogenies, Ecthyma
20. Folliculitis, furuncle, carbuncle
21. Hidradenitis suppurativa
22. Erysipelas, Cellulitis
23. Exogenous infections of cutaneous tuberculosis
24. Endogenous infections of cutaneous tuberculosis
25. Tuberculids of cutaneous tuberculosis
26. Skin manifestations of Lyme disease
27. Leishmaniasis
28. Warts and genital warts, Epidermodysplasia verruciformis, Molluscum contagiosum
29. Herpes simplex, Eczema herpeticum
30. Herpes zoster
31. Irritative contact dermatitis acute and chronic
32. Allergic contact dermatitis, methods of investigation, important allergens
33. Nummular (microbial) eczema, Eczema dyshidroticum
34. Atopic dermatitis (etiopathogenesis, clinical features, diagnostic criterias, therapy, prevention)
35. Seborrheic dermatitis
36. Drug eruptions (etiopathogenesis, hypersensitivity reactions, clinical picture, management of the patient with drug allergy, diagnosis, therapy)
37. Urticaria, angioedema (etiopathogenesis, immunological and non-immunological types, diagnosis, therapy)
38. Pruritus
39. Prurigo (Prurigo simplex acuta, Prurigo subacuta, Prurigo chronica, Prurigo nodularis Hyde)
40. Lichen simplex chronicus
41. Psoriasis vulgaris (etiopathogenesis, clinical picture, therapy)
42. Types of psoriasis (clinical picture, therapy)
43. Parapsoriasis en plaques, small-patch and large-patch parapsoriasis
44. Lichen (ruber) planus
45. Pityriasis rosea Gibert, Pityriasis rubra pilaris Devergie
46. Pityriasis lichenoides acuta et chronica
47. Pemphigus (clinical types, investigations, immunofluorescence, therapy)

48. Pemphigoid (clinical types, investigations, immunofluorescence, therapy)
49. Dermatitis herpetiformis Duhring, Linear IgA dermatitis
50. Erythema exsudativum multiforme, toxic epidermal necrolysis (Lyell´s syndroma)
51. Epidermolysis bullosa (clinical types, diagnosis, management)
52. Erythroderma (etiopathology, clinical pictures, investigations, therapy)
53. Erythema nodosum
54. Scleroderma (localized scleroderma, systemic scleroderma)
55. Dermatomyositis
56. Discoid lupus erythematosus (DLE)
57. Necrobiotic granulomatous processes, Granuloma anulare, Necrobiosis lipoidica
58. Pyoderma gangrenosum
59. Lichen Sclerosus et Atrophicus
60. Ichthyosis, collodion baby
61. Sarcoidosis
62. Disorders of the pigmentation (depigmentations and hyperpigmentations of the skin)
63. Hair disorders (alopecia, Pseudopelade Brocq, androgenetic alopecia, hypertrichosis)
64. Nail disorders (clinical pictures, manifestations of skin diseases on the nails)
65. Acne vulgaris (etiopathogenesis, clinical findings, special types of acne, prevention, therapy)
66. Rosacea, Perioral dermatitis
67. Allergic (hypersensitivity) vasculitis
68. Henoch-Schönlein Purpura
69. Chronic venous insufficiency. Leg ulcers – differential diagnosis
70. Obligate precancerosis. Epidermal and adnexal naevi, Melanocytic naevi
71. Bowen´s disease, Morbus Paget. Erythroplasia of Queyrat
72. Carcinoma basocellulare
73. Carcinoma spinocellulare
74. Adnexal and mesenchymal tumors, seborrhoeic keratosis
75. Morbus Hodgkin, Mycosis fungoides, Syndroma Sézary.
76. Malignant melanoma (clinical types, diagnosis, management, therapy)
77. Vascular naevi and tumors
78. Mastocytosis. Urticaria pigmentosa (etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture)
79. Pediatric dermatology (the most common skin diseases of children and adolescents)
80. Syphilis (etiology, basic classification, microscopical and serological diagnosis of syphilis, therapy)
81. Primary syphilis (clinical picture, localization, differential diagnosis)
82. Secondary syphilis (clinical picture, differential diagnosis)
83. Tertiary syphilis (manifestation on the skin, mucosae, and internal organs)
84. Syphilis connata praecox
85. Syphilis connata tarda
86. Gonorrhoea in man (microscopical diagnosis, therapy, criteria of cure)
87. Gonorrhoea in woman (microscopical diagnosis, therapy, criteria of cure)
88. Chancroid (ulcus molle)
89. Lymphogranuloma venereum
90. Granuloma inguinale
91. Trichomoniasis
92. Non-gonococcal urethritis/cervicitis