| Subject:         | Dental Radiology                     |             |             |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Study Programme: | Dental Medicine                      | Semester:   | 6. semester |
| Valuation:       | exam                                 | Obligation: | obligatory  |
| Number of hours: | 2 h.lectures and 2 h. practical/week |             | 56 hours    |

Place: Department of Stomatology and Maxillofacial and Akademia kosice n.o. 1 st Department of Stomatology Department of Stomatology and Maxillofacial Surgery

## Wednesday PE 11:15 - 12:45

| Week | Lectures   | Practical lessions   |
|------|--|--|
| 1.   | Fundamentals of radiation physics, Xray equipments. Films and processing. Radiographic quality and artefacts.  14.02.2024                                | Fundamentals of radiation physics, Xray equipments. Films and processing. Radiographic quality and artefacts.                                |
| 2.   | X-ray department – ewuipments, films, darkroom, film, processing, X-ray protection.  21.02.2024  | X-ray department – wquipments, films, darkroom, film, processing, X-ray protection.  |
| 3.   | Intraoral radiographic technics: paralleling technique, bisected angle technique, bitewing technique. Digital radiography (radiovisiography)  28.02.2024 | Intraoral radiographic technics: paralleling technique, bisected angle technique, bitewing technique. Digital radiography (radiovisiography) |

| 4. | Tomography. Dental panoramic tomography. Localization technics. Implant s radilogy. Prosthetic radiographic evaluation of the teeth and edentelous jaws.  06.03.2024   | Tomography. Dental panoramic tomography. Localization technics. Implant s radiology. Prosthetic radiographic evaluation of the teeth and edentelous jaws.  |
|----|--|--|
| 5. | TMJ radiography – normal anatomy and pathological changes. Artrography. Cephalometric radiography. 13.3.2024   | TMJ radiography – normal anatomy and pathological changes. Arthography. Cephalometric radiography.   |
| 6. | Extraoral radiographic technics maxillofacial projections – indications. Skull projections (straight PA, Waters, lateral, full axial). Mandibular lateral projections. Occlusal radiography. Sialography. Angiography, lymphography. Specialized imaging techniques: contrast media, xeroradiography, radioisotope imaging, CT, NMR, ultrasound. | Extraoral radiographic technics (maxillofacial projections) — indications. Skull projections (straight PA, Waters, lateral, full axial). Mandibular lateral projections. Occlusal radiography. Sialography. Angiography, lymphography. Specialized imaging techniques: contrast media, xeroradiography, radioisotope imaging, CT, NMR, ultrasound. |
| 7. | Periodontal tissues and periodontal diseases radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes (the amount of bone present, bone loss in furccation areas, horizontal and vertical bone resorbion, calculus deposits, overextended restorations, widening of the periodontal ligament space, periodontitis, etc).  27.03.2024                  | Periodontal tissues and periodontal diseases radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes (the amount of bone present, bone loss in furccation areas, horizontal and vertical bone resorbion, calculus deposits, overextended restorations, widening of the periodontal ligament space, periodontitis, etc).                                |

| 8.  | Radiographic interpretation and evaluation of deciduous, mixed and permanent dentition.  Developmental stages of the teeth and possible their anomalies, e.g. in the shape, size, number, position.  | Radiographic interpretation and evaluation of deciduous, mixed and permanent dentition.  Developmental stages of the teeth and possible their anomalies, e.g. in the shape, size, number, position.  |
|-----|--|--|
|     | 03.04.2024   |  |
| 9.  | Teeth and periapical tissues radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes crowns, roots and root canals, incisive and mental foramens, antrum, mandibular canal, caries, restorations, periapical lexions, etc.   | Teeth and periapical tissues radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes crowns, roots and root canals, incisive and mental foramens, antrum, mandibular canal, caries, restorations, periapical lexions, etc.   |
|     | 10.04.2024   |  |
| 10. | Radiology of the developmental anomalies of the facial bones and the teeth position. Principles of cephalometric radiography.  | Radiology of the developmental anomalies of the facial bones and the teeth position. Principles of cephalometric radiography.  |
|     | 17.04.2024   |  |
| 11. | Skull and mandibular radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes (fractures, tumours, cysts, osteomyelitis, sinusitis, impacted teeth – localization, etc).  Differential diagnosis of radiolucencies and radiopacities Salivary gland radiology sialolitis, sialography, occlusion film). | Skull and mandibular radiology – normal anatomy and pathological changes (fractures, tumours, cysts, osteomyelitis, sinusitis, impacted teeth – localization, etc).  Differential diagnosis of radiolucencies and radiopacities Salivary gland radiology sialolitis, sialography, occlusion film). |
|     | 24.04.2024   |  |

|     | Radiation biology (effects on cells,     | Radiation biology (effects on cells,     |
|-----|--|--|
| 12. | tissues and organs). Sources of          | tissues and organs). Sources of          |
|     | radiation exposure (natural and          | radiationexposure (natural and           |
|     | artificial).                             | artificial). Methods of dose reduction   |
|     |  | and X-ray protection. Dental             |
|     | 01.05.2024 - sviatok                     | radiography – general patient            |
|     |  | considerations including control of      |
|     |  | infection.                               |
|     | Methods of dose reduction and X-ray      | . Methods of dose reduction and X-ray    |
|     | protection. Dental radiography –         | protection. Dental radiography –         |
| 10  | general patient considerations including | general patient considerations including |
| 13. | control of infection.                    | control of infection.                    |
|     |  |  |
|     | 08.05.2024 - sviatok                     |  |
|     | oologia o a santon                       |  |
|     | Repetition from all lectures.            |  |
|     | TEST FOR LECTURES                        |  |
| 14. |  |  |
|     |  |  |
|     | 15.05.2024                               |  |
|     |  |  |
|     |  |  |

## **Specific conditions for passing the subject:**

Completion of 100% participation in practical exercises and lectures. Continuous review with a record of assessment during clinical teaching. Passing a test from lectures with a minimum rating of 60%.

Final test with a grade of at least 60%.

## **References:**

Whaites, E.: Essentials of dental radiography and radiology, 1998

Ďurovič, E.a kol.: Atlas stomatologickej rádiodiagnostiky, 1989

Olaf E. Langland et al.: Panoramic radiology, 1989 Čihák, R.

Anatomie I. Praha: Grada, 2001.

Čihák, R. Anatomie II. Praha: Avicenum, 2002.

Mráz, P. a kol. Pitevné cvičenia. Martin: Vydavateľstvo Osveta, 1995.

Fehrenbach, M.J., Herring, S.W., Illustrated anatomy of the head and neck, 2012 Sinel'nikov, R. D.

Atlas anatomie člověka I., II., III. Praha: Avicenum, 1982.

Rohen, J.W.,, Yokochi, Ch. Anatómia človeka. Fotografický atlas systematickej a topografickej anatómie, 1991.

Schumacher, G.-H., Anatómia pre stomatológov I a II, 1992

Petra Köpf – Maier Wolf, Heidegger's atlas of HumanAnatomy 2,

2004 Baker, E.W., Schunke, M., et al. Anatomy for Dental

Medicine.,2015