

A new locality of glacial relic moss species *Pseudobryum cinclidioides* in the Tatra Mts., Slovakia

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ABSTRACT: The authors collected the glacial relic moss *Pseudobryum cinclidioides* in the poor fen at Uhliščatká National
Nature Reserve in the Tatra Mts. This is the second reliably
documented location of this moss species in Slovakia. The
phytocoenological features are given.

KEYWORDS: *Pseudobryum cinclidioides*, glacial relic, moss, Tatra
Mts.

According to HERZOG (1926), SZAFRAN (1948), KUC (1956) and other
bryologists *Pseudobryum cinclidioides* (HUEBENER) T. J. KOP. (family Mniaceae)
belongs to the group of glacial relic moss species. It forms bright green patches
or deep tufts with brownish tomentum below, similar to species of the genus
Rhizomnium (Fig. 1).

The moss occurs in Central and Northern Europe, Siberia, Mongolia,
Kamtschatka, (MÖNKEMEYER 1927; SMITH 1978), Central Asia and the southern
part of Lake Baikal (SOLDÁN & PUJMANOVÁ 1988).

ŠMARDA (1960, 1961) reported two localities in the West Tatra Mts. (Tomanova dolina valley, Tichá dolina valley), the records are based on misidentified specimens (see specimens Nr. 218572, 218574, 218582 and 359985 stored in the Moravian Museum in Brno, Czech Republic, est *Rhizomnium magnifolium*). The same author (ŠMARDA 1954) collected the moss in fen alder wood in the Bor Nature Reserve near Podspády, Podtatranská brázda furrow. Despite an extensive search, *Pseudobryum cinclidiodes* could not be refound in this locality and the species has probably declined.

In Eastern Slovakia, in the Bahno Nature Reserve (Bukovské vrchy hills), the moss was recorded by HADAČ & TERRAY (1989) and by SOLDÁN (ANONYMUS 1992). We have confirmed this record; the moss is growing in a fen alder wood. The species was reported as abundant, but we only found a small population on the forest floor.

In the Uhliščatká National Nature Reserve in the Tatra Mts., *Pseudobryum cinclidiodes* occurs in large quantity. The moss thrives in a small poor fen, approximately 7 m in diameter in a forest enclave, where it forms luxuriant carpets covering nearly the whole fen.

Relevés

Relevé 1

Locality: Uhliščatká National Nature Reserve, The High Tatra Mts., coordinates E 20°06'01", N 49°06'31", 1095 m asl., area 12 m², plane, total cover 100%, E₁ 90%, E₀ 100%, water table + 7 cm, September 3, 2001.

E₁:

Agrostis stolonifera 2b, *Epilobium palustre* 2b, *Myosotis scorpioides* 2b, *Galium palustre* 1, *Carex canescens* +, *Crepis paludosa* +,

E₀:

Pseudobryum cinclidiodes 4, *Sphagnum squarrosum* 2b, *Calliergon cordifolium* 2a, *Philonotis caespitosa* 1, *Bryum weigelii* +, *Chiloscyphus polyanthos*.

Relevé 2

Locality: As in Relevé 1, area 8 m², plane, total cover 100%, E₁ 90%, E₀ 100%, water table + 7 cm, September 3, 2001.

E₁:

Agrostis stolonifera 2b, *Carex rostrata* 2b, *Epilobium palustre* 2a, *Myosotis scorpioides* 2a, *Calamagrostis canescens* 1, *Carex canescens* 1, *Ranunculus flammula* 1, *Galium palustre* 1, *Carex nigra* +, *Crepis paludosa* +,

E₀:

Pseudobryum cinclidiodes 4, *Sphagnum russowii* 2a, *S. squarrosum* 2m, *S. fallax* 2m, *Calliergon giganteum* 1, *C. cordifolium* +, *C. stramineum* +, *Plagiomnium elatum* +.

The moss is red-listed and noted as critically endangered in the Red list of bryophytes of Slovakia (December 2001) (KUBINSKÁ, JANOVICOVÁ & ŠOLTÉS 2001). The other red-listed species are *Bryum weigelii* (NT), *Calliergon giganteum* (NT), *Philonotis caespitosa* (EN). The nomenclature of bryophytes follows KUBINSKÁ & JANOVICOVÁ (1998), MARHOLD (1998) for vascular plants. The phytosociological relevés were recorded according to the BRAUN-BLANQUET approach (WESTHOFF & VAN DER MAAREL 1973), the nine-grade cover scale (r, +, 1, 2m, 2a, 2b, 3, 4, 5), which enables transformation for numerical processing, was used.

All the specimens are stored in the Herbarium of the Museum of Tatra National Park in Tatranská Lomnica, Slovakia. The collection date is the same as the date of relevés.

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Fig.1. *Pseudobryum cinclidioides*